recommendations contained in the Second Report of the Standing Committee on Labour on Demands for Grants (2004-05) of the Ministry of Textiles.

The Standing Committee on Labour examined the Demands for Grants of the Ministry of Textiles for the year 2004-05 and laid their second report in this regard in Rajya Sabha on 19th August, 2004. The report contains 22 recommendation paragraphs. The recommendations of the Committee mainly relate to increase the allocation of funds and utilization thereof in respect of various developmental and welfare schemes and intensification of existing schemes in order to increase productivity and to improve quality in various segments under the Ministry of Textiles.

The recommendations contained in the 22 paragraphs of the report have been considered in the Ministry of the Textiles and a statement on action taken/proposed to be taken on these recommendations was submitted to the Standing Committee on Labour in November, 2004. The recommendations contained in 10 recommendation paragraphs have been accepted by the Govt. On 5 recommendation paragraphs, action as proposed by the Committee has been completed and action in respect of other 7 recommendation paragraphs also has either been taken or initiated. The Ministry of Textiles in making all efforts in this regard to implement the recommendations of the Committee in true spirit.

The Government of Union Territories and the Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi (Amendment) Bill, 2005

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SHRIPRAKASH JAISWAL) Sir, I move:

"That the Bill further to amend the Government of Union Territories Act, 1963 and to amend the Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi Act, 1991, as passed by Lok Sabha, be taken into consideration."

I beg to move that the Government of Union Territories and the Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi (Amendment) Bill, 2005, as passed by the Lok Sabha on 3rd May, 2005, be taken into consideration.

The constitution (Eighty-fourth Amendment) Act, 2001 has extended

the constitutional embargo on undertaking fresh delimitation of electoral constituencies up to the year 2026 and has simultaneously provided for undertaking the readjustment and rationalisation of electoral constituencies, including those reserved for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, based on the population figures for the year 1991 without affecting the number of seats allocated to the States in the Legislative Bodies. The Constitution (Eighty-seventh Amendment) Act, 2003 provides for readustment and rationalisation of electoral constituencies, including those reserved for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, based on the population figures for the year 2001.

The amendment Bill seeks to amend the provisions of the Government of Union territories Act, 1963 in respect of Pondicherry and the Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi Act, 1991 to be in line with the amendments made to the Constitution by the Constitution (Eighty-fourth Amendment) Act, 2001 and the Constitution (Eighty-seventh Amendment) Act, 2003.

With these words, Sir, I commend this Bill to this august House for approval.

The question was proposed.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Further discussion on the Bill will be taken up later.

SHRI JAIRAM RAMESH: Sir, on the Textile Minister's statement. I want to seek a clarification on that.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Now, we have gone to another subject.

SHRI JAIRAM RAMESH: Sir, it is a very important subject and it is impossible to make out from the statement what the recommendations are and what actions the Government is taking. I request you, Sir, to please allow me.

MR. DEPUTY CHAIRMAN: Now, it has been conveyed that all the Ministries should not only give a one-page statement, but they will also have to give information on what the recommendations are, whether the recommendations have been accepted or not, and the action taken on that. In that format it would be given. (*Interruptions*) The set they have laid would be circulated to all Members.